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# Preparing for Implementation of the New Title IX Regulations: Recommendations for K-12 School Districts

Webinar May 27, 2020

Emily P. Bothfeld ebothfeld@robbins-schwartz.com

Frank B. Garrett III fgarrett@robbins-schwartz.com

Caroline A. Roselli croselli@robbins-schwartz.com

Chicago

55 West Monroe Street, Suite 800 Chicago, IL 60603 p 312.332.7760 f 312.332.7768

Champaign-Urbana 301 North Neil Street, Suite 400 Champaign, IL 61820 p 217.363.3040 f 217.356.3548

> Collinsville 510 Regency Centre Collinsville, IL 62234 p 618.343.3540 f 618.343.3546

Bolingbrook 631 East Boughton Road, Suite 200 Bolingbrook, IL 60440 p 630.929.3639 f 630.783.3231

Rockford 2990 North Perryville Road, Suite 4144B Rockford, IL 61107 p 815.390.7090

# Preparing for Implementation of the New Title IX Regulations: Recommendations for K-12 School Districts

Webinar presented by Emily P. Bothfeld, Caroline A. Roselli and Frank B. Garrett III May 27, 2020 Robbins Schwartz

1





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# Background

- •September 22, 2017 U.S. Department of Education released Dear Colleague Letter formally withdrawing two key Obamaera guidance documents:
  - 2011 Dear Colleague Letter on Sexual Violence
  - 2014 Q&A on Title IX and Sexual Violence

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3

# Background

- Proposed Title IX Regulations released in November 2018
- ·6o-day public comment period
- •Over 120,000 public comments received

## **Current Status**

- •Final Rules released on May 6, 2020 and published in Federal Register on May 19, 2020
- •Effective date: August 14, 2020



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5

## Impact on School Districts

- New Rules will require:
  - Revisions to policies and procedures
  - Staffing determinations
  - Training for all personnel involved in a school district's 's investigation and grievance process
  - Publishing of information and training materials on the district's website



## Definition of Sexual Harassment

## Sexual harassment includes:

- Quid pro quo harassment by a school employee
- 2. Unwelcome conduct that a reasonable person would find so severe, pervasive and objectively offensive that it denies a person equal educational access
- Any instance of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence or stalking (per Clery Act/VAWA)

## Definition of Sexual Harassment

•The second type of sexual harassment must be severe <u>and</u> pervasive <u>and</u> objectively offensive.



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۵

## Jurisdiction

•Schools must respond when sexual harassment occurs "in the school's education program or activity, against a person in the United States."

## Jurisdiction

•"In the school's education program or activity" includes "locations, events, or circumstances over which the school exercised substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the sexual harassment occurred."

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11

# Definitions



- Complainant = individual alleged to be the victim of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment
- •Respondent = individual reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment

## **Definitions**

•Formal complaint = written document filed by a complainant or signed by a TIX Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that the school investigate the alleged harassment

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13

## Filing of Formal Complaints

- At the time of filing, the complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in an education program or activity of the school.
- Parent or guardian may file a complaint on behalf of their child.
  - But note: For purposes of the resulting investigation, the student is the "complainant."

## **Definitions**

•Supportive measures = individualized services reasonably available that are non-punitive, non-disciplinary, and not unreasonably burdensome to the other party while designed to ensure equal educational access, protect safety, or deter sexual harassment.

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15

## School District Response Obligations

•A K-12 school's response obligation under Title IX is triggered when any employee of the school has notice of sexual harassment or allegations of sexual harassment.

# School District Response Obligations

- A school with actual knowledge of sexual harassment (as defined in the Rules) in its education program or activity must, at a minimum:
  - Promptly contact the victim confidentially to discuss supportive measures and options;

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17

# School District Response Obligations

- A school with actual knowledge of sexual harassment (as defined in the Rules) in its education program or activity must, at a minimum (continued):
  - Investigate sexual harassment allegations in any formal complaint; and
  - Follow a grievance process that complies with the Final Rules before imposing any disciplinary sanctions against a respondent.

## Mandatory Dismissal Requirement

• If the allegations in a formal complaint do not meet the Title IX definition of sexual harassment, or did not occur in the school's education program or activity against a person in the United States, the school must dismiss such allegations for purposes of Title IX but may still address the allegations in any manner the school deems appropriate under its own code of conduct.

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### 19

## Informal Resolution

- A school may (but is not required to) offer and facilitate an informal resolution process, within certain parameters to ensure such informal resolution occurs only with the voluntary, written consent of both parties.
- Informal resolution is not permitted to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.

## Grievance Process

- School must send written notice to both parties (complainants and respondents) of the allegations upon receipt of a formal complaint.
- Must provide equal opportunity for both parties to present fact and expert witnesses and other inculpatory and exculpatory evidence.
- "Gag orders" not permitted.



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## 21

## Grievance Process

- Must afford parties equal opportunity to select advisor of their choice, who may or may not be an attorney.
  - Note: Limitations on role of advisor are permissible.
- Must send notice of any investigative interview, meeting or hearing, and afford parties sufficient time to prepare.

## Grievance Process

- Must send parties, and their advisors, evidence directly related to allegations, in electronic format or hard copy, with at least 10 days for parties to inspect, review, and respond.
- Must send parties, and their advisors, an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence, in electronic format or hard copy, with at least 10 days for parties to respond in writing.

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### 23

## Hearings

- K-12 school districts are not required to hold live hearings, but the parties must be allowed to submit written questions to test the credibility of the other party and of witnesses before a decision is made.
  - Rape shield protections apply.



## Standard of Evidence and Written Determination

- Schools may apply either a preponderance of the evidence standard or clear and convincing evidence standard.
- Decision-maker(s) must issue detailed written determination, to be sent simultaneously to the parties, with information about appeal rights.

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### 25

## **Appeals**

- A school must offer both parties an appeal from a determination regarding responsibility, and from a school's dismissal of a formal complaint or any allegations therein, on the following bases:
  - Procedural irregularity
  - Newly discovered evidence
  - Conflict of interest/bias
- A school may offer an appeal equally to both parties on additional bases.

# Training Requirements

- Individuals who must receive training include, at a minimum:
  - Title IX Coordinators
  - Investigators
  - Decision-makers
  - Informal resolution facilitators



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27

# Training Requirements

- Title IX personnel must receive training on:
  - Final Rules' definition of sexual harassment
  - Scope of school's education program or activity
  - How to conduct investigation and grievance process, including appeals and informal resolution processes (as applicable)
  - How to serve impartially
  - For decision-makers and investigators: Issues of relevance, including how to apply rape shield protections provided for complainants

# Training Requirements

•School districts must post "<u>all</u> materials used to train Title IX personnel" on their websites, if any, or make materials available for members of the public to inspect.

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29



Employees of Educational Institutions Are Entitled to Title IX Protections

- The Department of Education's latest rules make clear that Title IX applies to employees as well as students:
  - "No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance." Title IX, 20 U.S.C. 168

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31

## Interplay Between Title IX and Title VII

- •The Department acknowledges that employers must fulfill their obligations under Title IX and also under Title VII.
- Title VII's definition of "sexual harassment" and "notice of harassment" differs from Title IX.

		Title IX	Title VII
Interplay Between Title IX and Title VII	Notice of Sexual Harassment for Liability Purposes	When the educational entity has actual knowledge of sexual harassment	<ul> <li>If the employer knew or should have known of the harassment.</li> <li>If the harassment is from a supervisor and it resulted in an adverse job action, the employer is liable.</li> </ul>
	Definition of Sexual Harassment	Any unwelcome conduct that a reasonable person would find so severe, pervasive and objectively offensive that it denies a person equal educational access	Unwelcome sexual advances and other conduct of a sexual nature having the purpose or effect of interfering with an individual's work performance of creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.
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33

## Interplay Between Title IX and Title VII

•The Department, however, states:



- There is no inherent conflict between the two statutes and students and employees, including faculty and student workers should not be treated differently.
- Employees are entitled to the same due process protection as students

Administrative Actions Only with Regard to Employee Title IX Complaints

- The Department's Rules do not create a private right of action for employees.
- The Department recognizes that its authority is limited to administrative enforcement actions.
  - OCR investigations, findings and resolutions
  - Administrative action can include stopping federal funding to the educational institution.

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35

Employee Title IX Complaints Now Must Provide Increased Due Process Protections

- WARNING: Employees pursuing formal complaints of sexual harassment are entitled to all of the grievance processes provided students:
  - Notice and Inspection of Evidence
  - Right to submit written questions to the other party and witnesses
  - Written Decision which includes a rationale for each conclusion reached; and
  - Appeal Rights

# Specific Title IX Language Regarding Employees

- Language Specific to Employees
  - The Final Rules allow an educational institution to place employees accused of sexual harassment on administrative leave, paid or unpaid, during the formal complaint grievance process.
    - This administrative provision may have to be squared up with current policy, procedure, and applicable collective bargaining agreement language.
- Informal resolution of a sexual harassment allegation is not an option when it involves employee-to-student claims.

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37

# Preparation Tips





Designate key players:

 Title IX Coordinator
 Investigator(s), if separate from Title IX Coordinator
 Decision-maker(s) and appellate decision-maker(s)
 May not be the Title IX Coordinator.
 Informal resolution facilitator(s), if offering informal resolution option

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# • Revise district policies, procedures, notices and forms. • IASB PRESS Title IX materials to be released in early August. • Revise student and employee handbooks. Robbins Schwartz

Coordinate training of Title IX personnel
 Title IX Coordinator
 Investigator(s)
 Decision-maker(s) and appellate decision-maker(s)
 Informal resolution facilitators, if any

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Tip #5

- Post required information on district website:
  - Contact information for Title IX Coordinator
  - Policy prohibiting sex-based discrimination
  - All materials used to train Title IX personnel

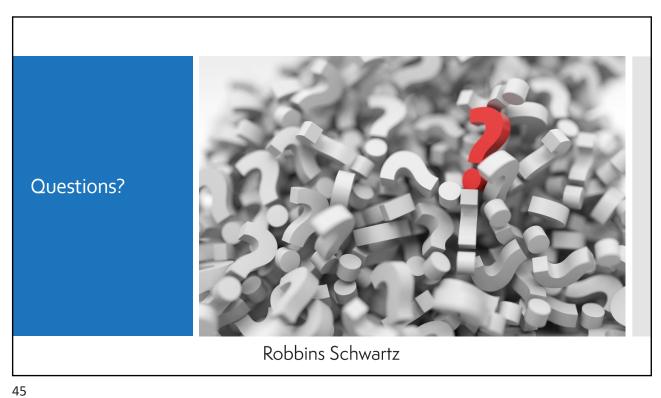
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43

## Tip #6



- Employee Sexual Harassment Policies and Procedures will likely have to be revised to comply with the Department's Final Rules on Title IX.
- Educational Institutions should also review collective bargaining agreement language regarding sexual harassment process and procedure.
- Employees charged with investigating sexual harassment complaints involving employees must be trained.



# Robbins Schwartz

EMILY P. BOTHFELD
ASSOCIATE, CHICAGO
312.332.7760
ebothfeld@robbins-schwartz.com

Emily practices in the area of education law with a focus on student and higher education matters. She counsels school districts and higher education institutions on a variety of issues, including matters related to student discipline, Title IX, free speech, student disability rights, student data privacy and policy development. She has extensive experience representing educational institutions in responding to complaints filed with the U.S. Department of Education's Office for Civil Rights, Illinois State Board of Education, Office of the Illinois Attorney General and Illinois Department of Human Rights. Emily regularly represents school districts and higher education institutions in state and federal court on civil rights and constitutional claims and breach of contract claims.

Prior to joining Robbins Schwartz, Emily represented students with disabilities in special education matters. Emily attended the George Washington University Law School, where she was a member of the George Washington International Law Review and the GW Law Moot Court Board. Prior to attending law school, Emily taught high school mathematics and science in Hangzhou, China.

## **RECENT PUBLICATIONS**

"Disabled Athlete Can't Support ADA Claims," Chicago Daily Law Bulletin (2018)

## **RECENT PRESENTATIONS**

Legislative Update: A Review of New (and Proposed) Laws Affecting Illinois Community Colleges' Risk Management Practices, Illinois Community College Chief Financial Officers Fall Conference (October 2019)

A Student's "Right" to a College Education: Due Process Rights in Academic and Non-Academic Discipline, Illinois Community College Chief Student Services Officers' Summer Meeting (June 2019)

Updates and Recent Developments out of the U.S. Department of Education, Chicago Bar Association Education Law Committee Spring Seminar (March 2019)

Legal Hot Topics for Nursing Program Administrators and Faculty, Illinois Organization of Associate Degree Nursing (March 2019)

The Ever-Changing Landscape Under Title IX, Joint meeting of Illinois Community College Presidents, Chief Academic Officers and Chief Student Services Officers (January 2017)



PRACTICE AREAS
Education Law
Special Education
Student Discipline

### **EDUCATION**

J.D., with honors, George Washington University Law School

B.S., cum laude, Vanderbilt University

## ADMITTED TO PRACTICE

U.S. Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit

U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois

Supreme Court of Illinois

#### **O**RGANIZATIONS

Chicago Bar Association

Illinois Council of School Attorneys

National Council of School Attorneys FERPA and FOIA: Compliance and Considerations, Illinois Community College Chief Student Services Officers Winter Meeting (January 2017)

Residency and Homelessness: Legal Update and Considerations When Challenging a Student's Status (October 2016)

# Robbins Schwartz

FRANK B. GARRETT III

PARTNER, CHICAGO
312.332.7760
fgarrett@robbins-schwartz.com

Frank B. Garrett III represents school districts, community colleges, local governmental bodies and public and private companies in all aspects of employment law, including complaints and charges of unlawful discrimination, wrongful termination, sexual harassment, civil rights violations, employee discipline and termination. Frank also counsels and provides training to employers in the following areas: ADA and FMLA compliance, avoiding claims of unlawful discrimination and harassment in the workplace: evaluation and discipline of employees, and diversity in the workplace.

Frank represents and defends clients in both state and federal courts, at the trial and appellate levels. He also practices before various administrative agencies such as the Illinois Educational Labor Relations Board, the Illinois Human Rights Commission and the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission. Frank is a regular speaker on employment law topics at both the state and national level.

Frank is approved by the Illinois State Board of Education to provide school board member training. He is an active member of the American Bar Association and Illinois Council of School Attorneys.

## **A**WARDS

Illinois Leading Lawyer, Government and Regulatory-Related Illinois Leading Lawyer, Employment and School Law Illinois Super Lawyers

## **RECENT PUBLICATIONS**

"Extended Medical Leave Under ADA Soundly Rejected by 7th Circuit," Chicago Daily Law Bulletin (2017)

"First Amendment Protections Get Broader for Government Employees," Chicago Daily Law Bulletin (2016)

"Big-box Employee's Attempt to 'Scam' Company Undercuts FMLA Claims," Chicago Daily Law Bulletin (2015)

Employers Must Rethink Employee 'Look' Policies After High Court Decision," Chicago Daily Law Bulletin (2015)



PRACTICE AREAS
Education Law
Labor & Employment
Litigation

# **EDUCATION**J.D., DePaul University College of Law

B.A., Oberlin College

# **ADMITTED TO PRACTICE**Supreme Court of the United States

U.S. Court of Appeals for the Seventh Circuit

Trial Bar of the U.S.
District Court for the
Northern District of Illinois

U.S. District Court for the Northern District of Illinois

U.S. District Court for the Central District of Illinois

U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Illinois

Supreme Court of Illinois

"Using Social Network Screening as Part of the Hiring Process: Employers Should Proceed with Caution," *Inquiry & Analysis*, National School Boards Association's Council of School Attorneys (2013)

Contributing author, "Employment Discrimination," ILLINOIS SCHOOL LAW, IICLE (1996, 1999, Supp. 2001, 2005, 2010 and 2012)

#### **RECENT PRESENTATIONS**

Debunking Some Common Employee FMLA Leave Myths, IASPA Annual Conference (January 2020)

Legislative Update: A Review of New Laws Affecting Illinois Community Colleges, Illinois Council of Community College Presidents Retreat (September 2019)

Understanding New Changes to the Minimum Wage Law and Other Wage-Related Statutes, Illinois GFOA Annual Conference (September 2019)

Navigating the Legal Liability Minefield in the Recruitment, Interview and Selection of Qualified Applicants, AASPA Personnel Administrator Boot Camp (June 2018)

The Ever-Changing Landscape Under Title IX, Joint meeting of Illinois Community College Presidents, Chief Academic Officers and Chief Student Services Officers (January 2017)

Practical Guidance on Employee Misconduct Investigations and Discipline, Illinois Association of School Personnel Administrators, Tenth Annual State Conference (January 2017)

#### **ORGANIZATIONS**

American Bar Association, Section on Labor and Employment

Chicago Bar Association

Cook County Bar Association

Illinois Council of School Attorneys

# Robbins Schwartz

CAROLINE A. ROSELLI
PARTNER, CHICAGO
312.332.7760
croselli@robbins-schwartz.com

Caroline Roselli practices in the areas of special education law and student rights. She counsels school districts and colleges concerning student discipline, student records, policy development, students' rights and other student-related matters. She assists school districts in responding to complaints from the Illinois State Board of Education and Office of Civil Rights and she regularly represents public school districts at IEP meetings, due process hearings, mediations, student expulsion and suspension hearings and residency hearings. Caroline has successfully defended school district decisions and prevailed at due process hearings on issues regarding eligibility, requests for residential placements and denial of FAPE claims.

Caroline has presented at annual conferences for both the Illinois Association for School Boards and for the Illinois Alliance of Administrators of Special Education. She is a co-author of the "Special Education" chapter of the Illinois Institute of Continuing Legal Education's School Law treatise. Caroline also regularly conducts workshops and in-service programs on a variety of special education related topics, including IEP compliance, response to intervention and child find, evaluation procedures, eligibility determinations, autism litigation and discipline of special education students.

## **A**WARDS

Illinois Emerging Lawyer, School Law (2017-2018)

Illinois "Rising Star," Super Lawyers Magazine, Schools and Education Law (2012-2017)

## **RECENT PUBLICATIONS**

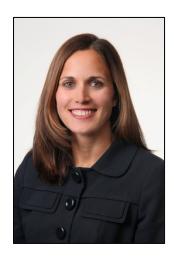
"Students Should Know the Consequences of Sexting," *Chicago Daily Law Bulletin* (2015)

"What Does State Law Say about Measles Prevention and Control in Schools?" Chicago Daily Law Bulletin (2015)

Contributing author, "Special Education," *Illinois School Law*, IICLE (2010, 2012 and 2015)

#### **RECENT PRESENTATIONS**

Due Process: To Go or Not to Go? Special Education Update, Illinois Council of School Attorneys, 33rd Annual Seminar on School Law (November 2019)



PRACTICE AREAS
Education Law
Special Education
Student Discipline

#### **EDUCATION**

J.D., *cum laude*, Loyola University Chicago School of Law

B.A., University of Notre Dame

# **ADMITTED TO PRACTICE**Supreme Court of the

United States

U.S. District Court for the

Northern District of Illinois

Supreme Court of Illinois

## **O**RGANIZATIONS

Chicago Bar Association

Illinois Bar Association

Illinois Council of School Attorneys

National Council of School Attorneys Seclusion, Restraint, and Time Out 2020, Illinois Alliance of Administrators of Special Education Region 1 Roundtable (November 2019)

Risk Assessment, Threat Assessments and the Impact on Students with Disabilities, Illinois Alliance of Administrators of Special Education Fall Conference (October 2019)

Legal Issues Related to School Safety and Security: Addressing the Complex Challenges Facing Schools, Large Unit District Association, (May 2019)

Responding to Requests for Homebound Instruction, Illinois Alliance of Administrators of Special Education Webinar (April 2019)

Tips for Preparing Legally Defensible Eligibility Determinations for Specific Learning Disability, Illinois Alliance of Administrators of Special Education Roundtable Presentation (March 2019)

Absenteeism, School Refusal, and Truancy in Special Education: Legal Issues when Students Don't or Can't Come to School, Illinois Alliance of Administrators of Special Education Roundtable Presentation (March 2019)

Escalating Student Behavior and Safety Concerns: Legal Options and Considerations, Illinois Alliance of Administrators of Special Education Winter Conference (February 2019)

The Ins & Outs of Residential Placements: Rules, Regulations, & Recommendations, Illinois Alliance of Administrators of Special Education Fall Conference (October 2018)

Just What the Doctor Ordered: Responding to Increasing Requests for Homebound Instruction, Illinois Alliance of Administrators of Special Education Winter Conference (February 2018)

Special Education Law Goes to the Supreme Court, Illinois Alliance of Administrators of Special Education Winter Conference (February 2017)

*Unilateral Placements for Special Education Students: A Big Gamble?,* Illinois Alliance of Administrators of Special Education Winter Conference (February 2017)

Child Find, Evaluation and Eligibility in an Rtl World, Illinois Alliance of Administrators of Special Education Fall Conference (October 2016)